



FDC

Terrestrial Broadband @ Sea

"We still have a long way to go"

Robert TREMLETT





MarCom





Project information:

- Duration: 2007-2010
 - ProjectAdministrator:Mobikom
 - Project Manager: MARINTEK
- 25 partners



SEAMAX or WICAN What are they?



- <u>SEAMAX</u> Concept for mesh networking at <u>sea</u> between vessels using broadband terrestrial omni directional communications to <u>maximise</u>.
 - Equality of information between all vessels
 - Range for dissemination of maritime safety and traffic information such as MSI
 - Range of detection of small vessels for Coast-Guard or Vessel traffic Services
 - Promulgation of VTS Traffic image to all vessels within the VTS area of coverage so ensuring they have the same information.
 - Provision of other services MSI / ENC updates ANSI etc when in range of gateway.
- WICAN Concept of Wireless Coastal Network
- Two complementary concepts, enhancement of safety of navigation & also providing ability for.
 - Monitoring of ATON's
 - Positioning of vessels in vicinity of suitably equipped ATON's??





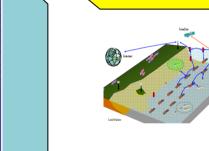
MarCom approach: Case orientation

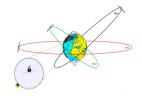
User requirements and needs

Integrated operations comprise a case where we are aiming for a more complete cooperation among the actor s involved in offshore operation, especially within the oil industry. The objective is to achieve collaboration across disciplines, companies, organizational and geographical boundaries, made possible by real -time data and new work processes, in order to reach better and safer decisions — faster.



Communication technologies







Application areas







The MarCom WiCAN® Concept



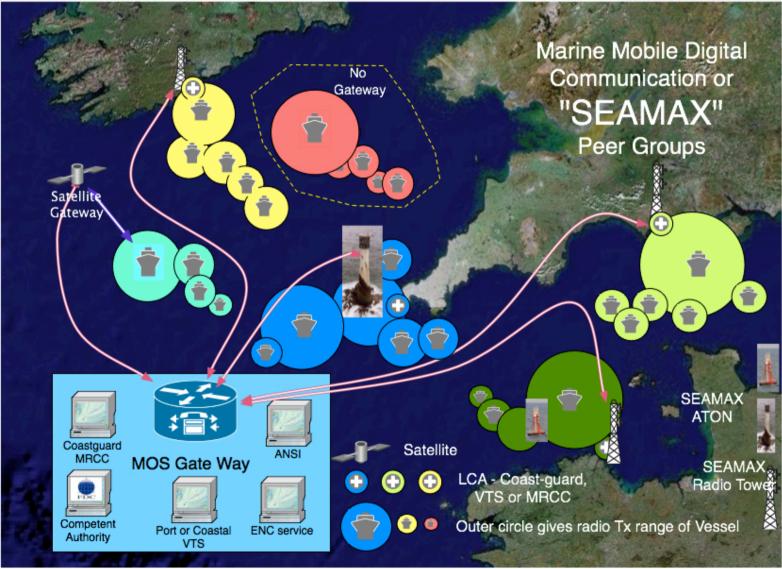




SEAMAX Concept Studied in MARNIS





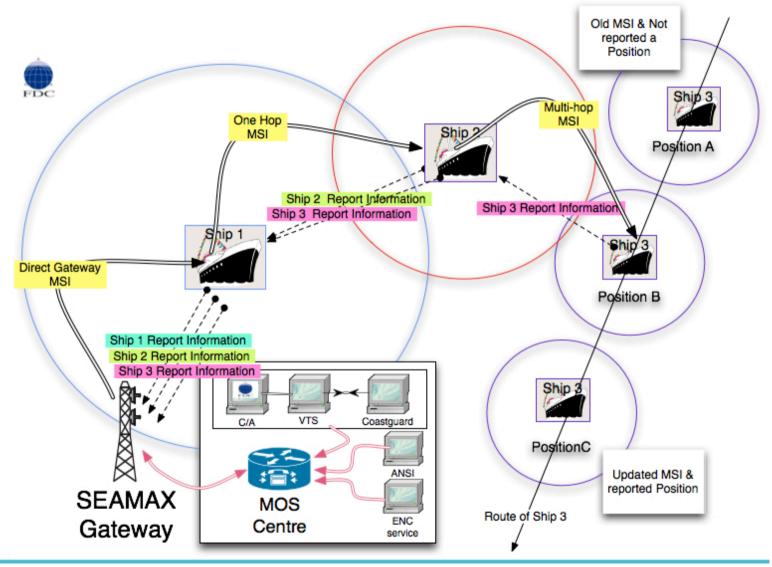




Mesh Networking









Mesh networking within Peer Groups Va



Peer group can be defined as a group of vessels that share common interest -

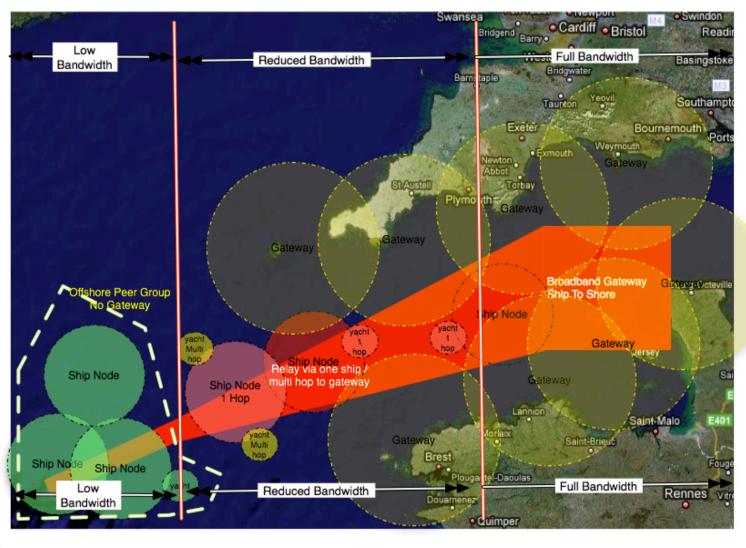
- Traffic,
 - VTS Traffic Image
 - Peer group size of VTS Coverage
 - Vessels In Proximity
 - Peer group size restricted by scaled distance
- Reporting and Broadcast of MSI and ANSI,
 - Peer group size of restricted only by ability to relay information within scaled region
- Gateway to Local Competent authority (Coastguard, VTS etc)
 - Can be provided through scaled peer group by relay or made directly if in range
 - Gateway can also be via suitable satellite.
- Peer groups contain ALL VESSELS and suitable ATONS in range of each-other.



New protocols needed



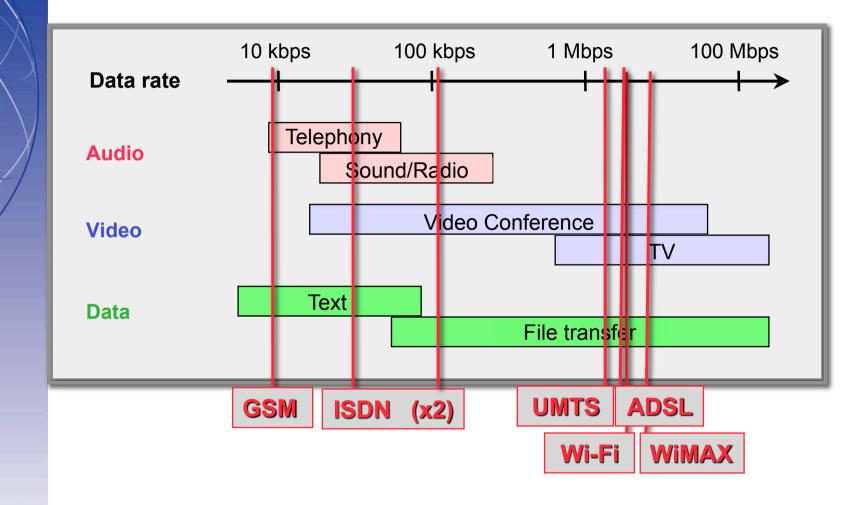






Basic telecom services and data rates







Market pull ⇒ 9 Case studies



Case1 - Monitoring on board ferries

Case2 - Pilotage and maintenance of fairways, lighthouses and navigation marks

Case3 – Integrated operations

Case4 – Passenger information on trains and at roads

Case5 – High Speed craft operations

Case6 - Relay and mesh networking

Case7 - Mobile on board LAN solutions

Case8 - The high north challenges

Case9 – International shipping





1. Monitoring of ferries (domestics passengers and car ferries)

This case is focusing the challenges in monitoring installations on board ferr ies in domestic trade. We have planned to install technical equipment and to download performance status from a specific ferry to on -shore facilities, and return reports to the ferry based on analysis of the received data. The communication challenges will be on obtaining real-time data, and also exploit opportunities in using video means for technical operations.



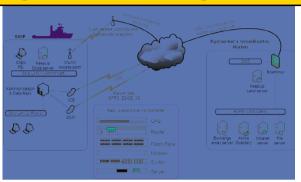
	Technical	Reporting	Safety	Qualification	Monitoring
	Technical mainenance	To governement	Equipment on board	Certification	Cargo
		To passengers			Passengers
		To ports			
Monitoring of ferries (inland)		Deviation			





1. Pilotage and maintenance of fairway s, lighthouse s and navigation marks

Case 2 is focusing the Norwegian
Coastal Department s challenges in
their pilotage services, and the
maintenances of navigation marks
like buoys and lighthouses. The
applications will therefore cover
navigation, remote monitoring and
(partly) ship operation.



	Remote monitoring	Navigation	Ship operation
Pilot age and maintenance of			
fairway, lighthouse and	SMS	Navigational warning	Operation, admininistration and management
fairway objects	AIS	AIS	-





1. Integrated Operations (IO's)

Integrated operations comprise a case where we are aiming for a more complete cooperation among the actor s involved in offshore operation, especially with in the oil industry. The objective is to achieve collaboration across disciplines, companies, organizational and geographical boundaries, made possible by real -time data and new work processes, in order to reach better and safer decisions — faster.



	Supply	Enviornmental monitoring	Information capture and communication
	Work in real time	Remote monitoring	Communication of real time data
		Information	Communication operation
		A STATE OF STREET STREET, STRE	central onshore and offshore Remote operation of equipment
Integrated operation	cooperation Real time data	spell do.	INC. P.C.V





1. Passenger information on train s and at road s

In case 4 we aim at obtaining communication solutions having similarities with those meeting the maritime needs. Therefore we are exploiting train operation s as well as road operations in order to identify the communication challenges they are facing. The applications heading for in this case will mainly be position -based information and information exchange , along with info tainment services to the passengers .





	Reporting	Monitoring	Entertainment
	Time and deviation	Remote monitoring	Public information
		Information	
	Traffic information	distributions	Advertisement
			Remote operation of
	Position information	Technical monitoring	equipment like ROV
			General
ssenger information on train and at road		Safety monitoring	entertainment





1. High-speed craft operation s

The high -speed craft operation s case com theprises following applications areas; technical maintenance, navigation, infotainment and ship operation.

This case is also highly focusing communication challenges where roaming and handover incidents are frequent, since the speed of the se vessels are high (ref. also trains and cars). Severe requirements apply to reliable navigation data, where real-time processes and frequent updat ing represent crucial issues.



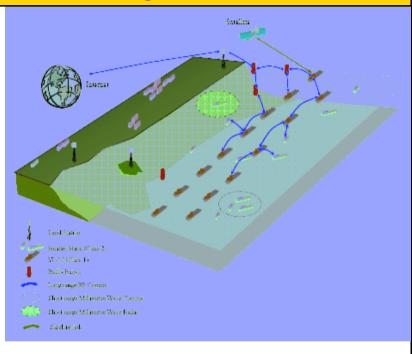
	maintenance	Navigation	Entertainment	Ship Operation
	Technical monitoring	Fairway		Laws and enforcement
	Decision support	AIS		Remote monitoring ticket machinery
	Video conferance		Remote operation of equipment like ROV	Traffic data
Speed boat operation		Real time and frequently updated		Order and maintainence list





1. Vessel-to-Vessel (V2V) Relay and Mesh networking

This case comprises technology demonstations aiming at coverage area extension and flexibility enhancement by applying a system enabling mobile stations to communicate with a base station through intermedia te relay stations. It is focusing handover problems, as well as the mixture of fixed and mobile nodes interconnected via wireless links to form a multi -hop ad-hoc network, amongst ships, marine beacons and buoys.

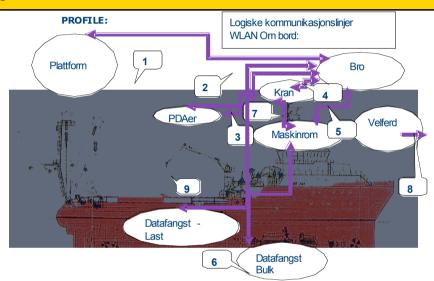






1. Mobile on -board LAN -solutions

Case 7 is focusing mobile on board LAN solutions satisfying the
vessels needs for local
infrastructure and services . This
case will be a supporting case for
many of the others and will give
input to the on -board
communication challenges. It will
emphasize the use of hand -held
equipment , and additionally
information exchange amongst the
ship's crew, as well as with the
command centres.







1. The High North challenges

This case will examine the challenges faced by maritime operation s in the High North, and assess adaptions from the other cases to these vast, harsh and highly demanding regions. Some of the major focus areas are: monitoring of maritime operations and the environment, security and territorial surveillance and control, meteorology, a nd safety and rescue (SAR) operations.







1. International shipping

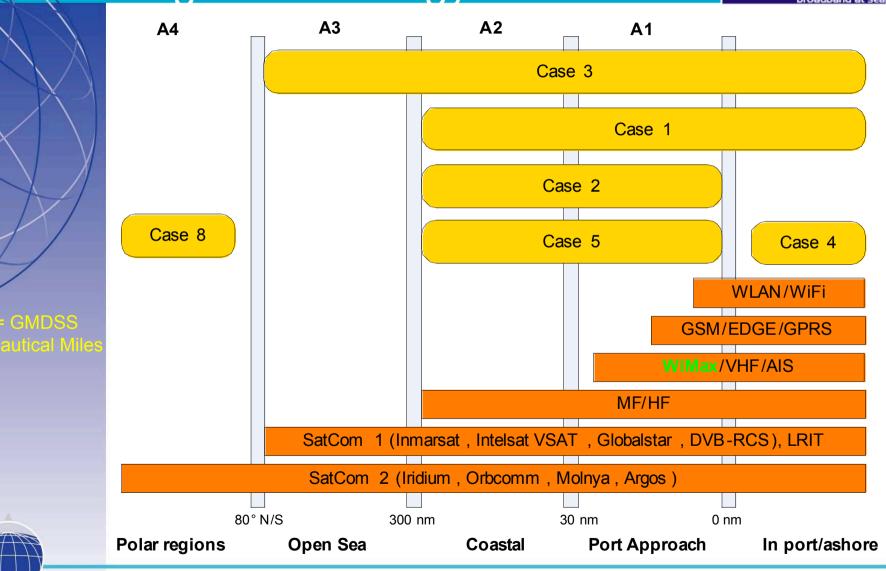
International shipping represents a case where e -Navigation, ship operation and emergency management will be focused. The operation areas are normally far from the shipowners offices, within different time zones, and face different challenges compared to operations in domestic waters. Therefore requirements pertaing to remote assistance, decision support and operational instructions are different from the other cases prime areas.





Case findings v technology





Conclusions on capacity requirements

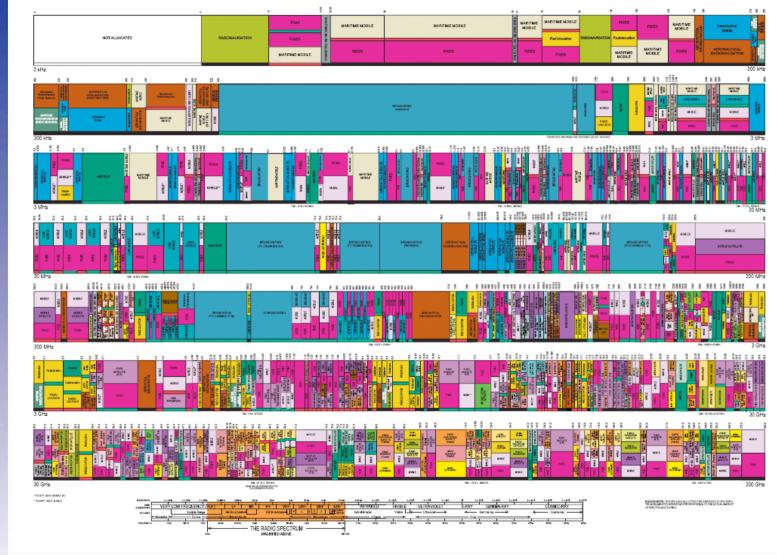


Communication Solution	Technical maintenance	Reporting	Safety and monitoring	Training / qualification	Infotainment
WiFi (IEEE 802.11)	In ports/terminals	With internet access: continuously	On-board monitoring and in ports/terminals	Yes	Yes
GSM/EDGE/GPRS	When WiFiWiMax is not available (expencive)	When WiFiWiMax is not available (expencive)	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
UMTS	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
CDMA 450 MHz ("Ice")	Not applicable	Continously	Yes, due to OK BW	Not applicable	Not applicable
VHF/BIIS	Not applicable	Not appl icable	Not applicable (low BW)	Not applicable	Not applicable
DAB	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Yes, info. provider
WiMax (IEEE 802.11)	In ports/terminals	With internet access: continuously	On-board monitoring and in ports/te minals	Yes	Yes
VHF Digital Data	When WiFi/WiMax is not available	Continuously	Not applicable (low BW)	Not applicable	Not applicable
Low BW over short waves/VHF/Telex	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
VHF/AIS	When WiFi/WiMax is not available	Mandatory reporting	Not applicable	Not applicable	Yes, info. provider
Local network on board (DECT/WiFi)	Continuously, to be used for internal tech. reports	Continuously for internal reporting	Internal communication between rescue assistance vessels and own vessel	Yes	Yes
LRIT	Not applicable	Mandatory reporting	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
UHF Digital Data	When WiFiWiMax is not available	?	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable



Wireless Broadband - Technical Challenges: Crowded radio spectrum







eNavigation and challenges



A descriptive model for the interaction between e -Navigation and MarCom

Inputs Outputs E-NAV Core for ferries and ports /terminals Real-time (or near real-time) Safe navigation update information Enhanced: Directusers AtoN (e.g. position / status) Navigators Maritime Safety Information Anti-collision and anti-grounding (MSI) processes Route planning & monitoring Radar Position fixing systems Pilotage & berthing Ships sensors Under-keel and air -draft Echo sounder dearance management Inertial navigation system Alertmanagement Ship -to-Ship & Ship -to-Shore & Shore-to-Ship communication AIS data Shipborne E-Navsystem Meteorogical (on-board the ship) Updatesto charts & publications Integrated communication (indudes AIS and LRIT data Effeciencies and other benefits Long-lead (reference) information standarised reports etc .) Digital charts & publications Standardised and automated maritime reporting AtoN infrastructure and relevant Logistics effeciencies (including AtoN information port state control, port Predicted meterological Shore E-Navsystem operations) oceanographicand Potentially reduced insurance hydrographicdata (e.g. (teminal /port/VTS) seasonal weather patterns, tides Improved security SAR and pollution response Directusers Strategicanalysis for Portofficers infrastructure refinement Shipping company Incidentanalysis and Organisational Reduced human ineffeciencies Other users & errors Engineers Improved onboard effeciencies Training and procedures Technical inspectors Decision support mechanisms Qualitymanagmentprocesses Service providers Improved ship /shore co -Data access and security Classes operation protocols Martime directorate Sharing risk analysis between Conventionsregulations and Waiting passengers guidelines (IMO, ITU, IALA & ship & shore Government External buy -in and ensured use Ticket office ofE -Nav Communication protocols (ITU) Transportcompany Other International standards (ISO, Safetyorganisations IEC, others) Legal instruments emergency situations



